

B.Sc. Semester - 6 (NEP-2020) Examination

March/April-2026

MATH: Vector Calculus and Multiple Integrals

(For students having Major subject other than Mathematics) (Minor-6)

Time: 2:00 Hours

Marks: 50

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate marks.

Que.1 Answer any two out of the following. (10)

1. Prove: $\hat{i} \times (\vec{a} \times \hat{i}) + \hat{j} \times (\vec{a} \times \hat{j}) + \hat{k} \times (\vec{a} \times \hat{k}) = 2\vec{a}$.
2. Prove the identity: $(\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot (\vec{c} \times \vec{d}) = (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c})(\vec{b} \cdot \vec{d}) - (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{d})(\vec{b} \cdot \vec{c})$
3. Explain the geometrical interpretation of scalar triple product.
If $\vec{a} = -3\hat{i} + 7\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$, $\vec{b} = -3\hat{i} + 7\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$ and $\vec{c} = 7\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$ then find its scalar triple product.

Que.2 Answer any two out of the following. (10)

1. Define Scalar field and vector field and give one example of each. Also define ∇ operator.
2. Define curl of $\vec{f}$. Find $\nabla \times \vec{f}$ where $\vec{f} = x^3y^2z\hat{i} + xy^3z^2\hat{j} + x^2yz^3\hat{k}$ at (1,2,3).
3. If $r = |\vec{r}|$ where $\vec{r} = x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}$ then prove the following.
(i) $\nabla f(r) = f'(r) \frac{\vec{r}}{r}$ (ii) $\nabla f(r) \times \vec{r} = 0$

Que.3 Answer any two out of the following. (10)

1. Evaluate $\iint \sqrt{xy(1-x-y)} dx dy$ over the area of triangle bounded by lines $x=0, y=0, x+y=1$.
2. Find the volume of a sphere using multiple integral.
3. Prove: $\iint_D \sqrt{\frac{1-x^2-y^2}{1+x^2+y^2}} dx dy = \frac{\pi}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \right)$, where D is the third quadrant of the unit circle.

Que.4 Answer any two out of the following. (10)

1. Evaluate: $\oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$, where $\vec{F} = (x - 3y, 2x - y)$ and C is an ellipse $4x^2 + 9y^2 = 36$.
2. Verify Green's theorem for the line integral $\oint_C (x - y)^3 dx + (x - y)^3 dy$, where C is a circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$.
3. Show that the vector field $\vec{F} = 2x(y^2 + z^3)\hat{i} + 2x^2y\hat{j} + 3x^2z^2\hat{k}$ is conservative. Find its scalar potential and work done in moving a particle from (-1,2,1) to (2,3,4).

Que.5 Answer any two out of the following. (10)

1. If $\vec{V} = y\hat{i} + z\hat{j}$ and S is a part of $2x + 2y + z = 2$ then find $\iint_S V_n d\sigma$.
2. Evaluate: $\iiint_R x^2 dx dy dz$, where R is a closed surface of cylinder bounded by $z=0, z=2$ and $x^2 + y^2 = 9$.
3. Prove that $\text{div}(r^n \vec{r}) = (n + 3)r^n$.
